EWS Narak gets Zarqa station power: Page 2 flow the Senate was won: Page 4 billion barrels of oil to be tapped: Page

Manchester United retain lead: Page 6



Today's Weather

It will be partly cloudy, with a decrease in temperature and westerly moderate winds. In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy and hazy, with a probability of scattered showers, portherly moderate

winds and calm seas. 25

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 23, Aqaba 28. Humidity readings: Amman 54 per cent, Aqaba 44 per cent.

: me 6, Number 1797

AMMAN, SUNDAY NOVEMBER 1, 1981 — MUHARRAM 4, 1402

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

few imposed lebron market

AVIV, Oct., 31- (R)"raeli military authorities it imposed a curiew on arket in Hebron in the ed West Bank following ident in which a settler 70 Arabs were wounded. said a settler from the township of Kiryat was involved in a fight in zient Kasbah Market. He med and fired his subne gun, wounding two the police said, All vere admitted to hospital vere reported out of

an visits 12th d Mechanised Div.

: AN, Oct. 31 (Petra) joyal Highness Crown Hassan, the Regent, paid an inspection visit to elfth Royal Mechanised m. He was briefed by the n commander on the and responsibilities of ision and then toured a r of the division's for-1 and watched their es. In a brief speech to fficers, Prince Hassan sed satisfaction with the legree of efficiency disl by the troops. "What I oday reflects the true of preparedness by the i forces to defend the ed homeland." Prince m said.

-ditch attempt vert BL strike

ON, Oct. 31 (R) -'i Leyland (BL) managers nion leaders today in a tch attempt to avert a rike which could destroy d lead to the loss of up to nillion jobs. With the due to start at midnight leaders of the four main were locked in talks ı management team led ne BL chairman, Sir el Edwardes. Sir Michael arned BL's 58,000 manrikers, who plan to strike port of their demand for per cent rise, that he will trikers and start liquidate company.

Mu'ta Royal Commission signs design agreement with local firm

By Dina Matar Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Oct. 31 — A JD 950,000 agreement was signed today between the Royal Commission of Mu'ta University and the local engineering firm Dar Al Handasa at the university's liaison office in Amman.

The agreement, which provides for the preparation of the basic designs and infrastructure for the proposed university campus in southern Jordan, was signed by Minister of Transport Ali Subeimat, in his capacity as the chairman of the technical committee of the Royal Commission and by Mr. Kamal Al Sha'er, director general of Dar Al Hand-

Under the agreement, Dar Al Handasa will provide a master plan for the project, the skeletal design of the complex and details on the infrastructure and other

two parts, entails that the infrastructure and basic designs be completed by mid-1982, while the design of the buildings and other details of the project should be

completed by end 1982. The amount covered under the present agreement, JD 950,000, will only cover 2.25 per cent of the total cost of the project. But, Mr. Suheimat told the Jordan Times the projects' overall cost is not

The university complex will be built on a 6,400-dunum area, near Karak, and already expropriated by the university's Royal Com-

When the basic designs are completed, tenders will be floated for the actual construction of the building, Mr. Suheimat said. But, it is still too early to know the exact date, he said.

As for the projects' financing, the Iraqi government has donated some \$50 million to cover part of the expenses, and the Jordanian government as well as other

donors would cover the rest. Although Mu'ta University is the third university in Jordan, it is set apart from the other two Jordanian universities by the fact that, besides academic courses, its students have to undertake train-

and police techniques. In a way, its planners hope that it would become one of the outstanding military colleges in the

ing and instruction in martial arts

Although the university's permanent buildings have not been completed yet, the first batch of Mu'ta police students have already been graduated this

On the other hand, Mr. Suheimat said, the university will not only cater for Jordanians, but will extend its services to willing students from other Arab coun-

He added that Mu'ta planners hope that formal instruction would start during the next five

Klibi to open league meeting

AMMAN, Oct. 31 (J.T.) -Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi arrives here Wednesday for a two-day visit during which he will open meetings of the league's coor-

dination committee. He will also have talks with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, according to well-informed

The coordination committee is entrusted with exploring means for avoiding duplication of efforts by the Arab League's 21 specialised agencies, Dr. Mohammad Al Farra, the personal representative of the secretary general, told the Jordan

Mr. Klibi will arrive here tomorrow on his way to Baghdad to attend the third conference of Arab ministers of culture, due to start in the Iraqi capital on Monday.

On Thursday, the secretary general will leave Amman for Beirut to attend meetings of the Arab Follow-up Committee.

PLO is not yet an independent state

to recognise Israel, Khalaf points out

(PLO), in an interview with the

Saudi minister raps opponents of Fahd peace plan for Mideast

KUWAIT, Oct. 31 (R) — Saudi Information Minister Mohammad Abdo Yamani has criticised opponents of his country's Middle East peace formula and accused them of siding with unidentified enemies of the Arabs, a Kuwait newspaper said today.

The daily Al Rai Al Aam quoted him as saying in an interview that Saudi Arabia planned to submit the eight-point plan, which was put forward by Crown Prince Fahd in August, to two high-level Arab meetings next month, a Gulf summit in Riyadh on Nov. 10 and a full-fledged Arab summit in Fez, Morocco, two weeks later.

BEIRUT, Oct. 31 (R) — The

Beirut daily An Nahar today cor-

rected an interview it published

yesterday with Palestine Lib-

eration Organisation Chairman.

Yasser Arafat which had

He said Saudi Arabia would not impose the plan, which implicitly recognises Israel's right to live in peace and calls for an independent

Palestinian state, on any one. President Reagan this week described the plan as "a beginning point for negotiations" and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat

he charged. "Dr. Abdo Yamani did not say who those enemies

them?"

Israel has denounced the prop-PLO modifies welcome...

osals, which were also rejected by Syria, Libya, Algeria and certain factions of the PLO.

has called it a good basis for a

Dr. Abdo Yamani noted that

the proposals also included a

long-standing Arab demand that Israel should withdraw from all

occupied Arab lands and asked

"how can these (critical) parties

reject such principles and

demands and try to cast doubt on

clear and frank Saudi peace plan

are standing in the same trench

with the enemies also rejecting it.

"Those who are rejecting the

comprehensive settlement.

The information minister described as positive last Wednesday's U.S. Senate vote approving a massive new arms deal, including five AWACS radar aircraft, to Saudi Arabia. He said Saudi Arabia "wanted

these weapons definitely for defence and not for launching

He hoped the sale would be followed by "other steps in the American policy to support Arab rights in the face of Israeli intrans-

supporting facilities. The agreement, which falls into

Tripoli refutes reports

of Chad withdrawal call BEIRUT, Oct. 31 (R) - Libya's on an alleged call by (President official radio today described as misleading reports that Chad President Goukouni Oueddei had called for the withdrawal of

Libyan troops from his country. The French external relations ministry 'yesterday confirmed French Radio reports that Mr. Goukouni had issued a communique seeking the withdrawal of Libvan forces in a two-stage operation to be completed by the end of the year.

Libya sent troops to Chad last year to help President Goukouni win a civil war.

newspapers "have concentrated two fraternal peoples."

Israel gets autonomy talks postponed

Ghali said today.

had proposed the new date and Egypt had approved it provided it was agreeable to the U.S., third party to the talks.

Goukouni) for the full and immediate withdrawal of Libyan troops from Chad.

to undermine the close relations between the Libyan and Chad

CAIRO, Oct. 31 (R) - Egypt and Israel will resume negotiations on Palestinian autonomy in Cairo on Nov. 11, the Egyptian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Boutros

Dr. Ghali told reporters Israel

The radio said a correspondent in the Chad capital N Djamena reported today that "allegations made by Western and reactionary about this alleged call are part of intrigues and misleading campaigns aimed at undermining the Tripoli Radio said Western strategic relations between the

"These allegations are designed

people," it said.

The negotiations, to be held at

of the Libyan news agency JANA newspapers and radio stations

ministerial level, were originally scheduled for Nov. 4 and were postponed at Egypt's request. This is the first time ever Israel requested for postponement of autonomy talks. In the past postponements and delays were always attributed to Egyptian

Palestine Liberation Organisation takbal, received here today, took

Mr. Salah Khalaf, a leader of the Paris-based magazine Al Mos-

Countdown starts for Columbia peace plan.

(R) - A formal countdown began today for the second launch of the space shuttle Columbia, the first multiple-mission spaceship.

BEIRUT, Oct. 31 (Agencies) —

The Columbia, which made 56 orbits of the Earth in April during its highly successful maiden voyage, is due to take off from the Kennedy Space Centre here at 1230 GMT on Wednesday.

Carrying its first scientific payload and a new two-man crew, the plane-like craft will become the first to fly in space more than once. Its five-day, 84-orbit mission is

the second of four test flights required before a fleet of shuttles begin carrying men and equipment into Éarth orbit on a regular

Although the mission is a test flight, the Columbia will be carrying out seven scientific experiments which will help to demon-

CAPE CANAVERAL, Oct. 31 strate its potential as an orbiting base for scientific research.

The mission will also include the first orbital test of a Canadianbuilt mechanical arm which will enable the crew to handle bulky payloads from within their flight

of elaborate procedures required to make sure the complicated craft is ready for flight.

As the clock started ticking on schedule at 0600 GMT this morning, scores of technicians began checking every aspect of the spaceship's complex electronic gadgetry and highly volatile propulsion system.

The tedious work will continue around the clock until every facet of the multi-billion dollar spaceship is checked and doublechecked.

issue with the reference to the right of Middle East countries tolive in peace, as put forward last August by Saudi Crown Prince Fahd in an eight-point peace plan.

enjoy the right of recognising a state or not.

"As a Palestinian revolution and a PLO we cannot rocognise Israel. The question of recognition is up to an independent Palestinian state, and we are not a state so as to grant recognition or not." he added. He criticised Saudi Arabia's

announcement of the plan "without prior consultations with us," and said it came as a surprise to Palestinian leaders. Mr. Khalaf added that he was

against raising the plan at the next Arab summit conference, due to be held in Morocco in about a month's time. "I do not approve of discussing

a plan containing a provision running against my cause, namely Article Seven (on the right of Middle East countries to live in peace)," he said.

suggested that he favoured Arab-Israeli coexistence.

The PLO chairman was quoted esterday as saying the Saudi Arabian Middle East peace plan spoke of coexistence and this is something new since Saudi Arabia speaks of or uses the word coex-, istence for the first time.

"Because of this I said that the statement includes positive points and we will discuss its details at the next Arab summit."

... as State Department

Mr. Khalaf said the PLO did not clarifies U.S. attitude

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31 (Agencies) - United States State Department Deputy Spokesman Alan Romberg was asked today to further clarify the U.S. position on the eight principles for Middle East peace put forward by Saudi Crown Prince Fahd. Mr. Romberg issued the following statement:

"We have, of course, studied the eight principles for Middle East peace enunciated by Crown Prince Fahd. While we welcome certain elements in these principles which underscore Saudi Arabia's dedication to the achievement of peace and reaffirm support for U.N. Security Council Resolution 242, including the recognition of the right of all states to live in peace, there are other elements with which we have problems. Some elements of

the principles appear to determine outcomes which can only be achieved through negotiations.

We have commented on the individual points in detail in open session testimony before the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee, While remain ready to continue our discossions with the Saudis and others, I want to emphasise that we remain committed to pursuing the peace negotiations through Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 and the Camp David framework.

Mr. Romberg said he did not want to get "into a point-by-point analysis" of the Saudi principles, but insisted that the United States "welcomes any efforts that con-

eneration-old ties' • 'Very important visit' • 'Better understanding'

Vashington hopes King's visit will strengthen relations

SHINGTON, Oct. 31 (Agencies) — President Ronald gan will underscore U.S. determination to achieve a just dle East peace when be meets with His Majesty King Hussein senior administration official told reporters the president to so to establish with His Majesty a strong personal relationship h will increase understanding on both sides as efforts to solve

problems of the Middle East proceed. he King comes to Washington at a potentially crucial time. United States may have placed itself on an improved footing i some Arab states through approval of the sale of Airborne ming And Control System (AWACS) aircraft to Saudi

be United States strengthened its military and political ties 2 Egypt in the wake of President Sadar's assassination and the zion of Hosni Mubarak as his replacement. It is striving for a "strategic consensus" with Israel and has reaffirmed its lge to assure Tel Aviv's continued military advantage vis-a-vis

urthermore, Israel and Egypt have just agreed to resume their s on the future of the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip, alled for in the Camp David accords. The Reagan administon has reiterated its determination to achieving full realisation he Camp David provisions. inally, the president is sending his special envoy, Philip Habib, a return mission to the area in mid-November. Mr. Habib's

nary goal will be to further solidify the ceasefire in Lebanon.

he also will address larger questions dealing with regional

Generation-old relationship

urity.

ing Hussein has long been a key figure in the Middle East. en he steps from his limousine at the diplomatic entrance to White House Nov. 2, he will be greeting his seventh American sident. It is a relationship which dates to the Eisenhower

ninistration, which left office a generation ago. for most of that period, Jordan has enjoyed an arms-supply ationship with Washington and has shared a deep concern for peace and stability of the area, concerning both external threat internal turnoil.

The U.S. official said be expects President Reagan to "reaffirm

U.S. interest in seeking a solution to the problems of Palesan refugees," and to engage in extensive discussions of Jori's security relationship with Washington. We, of course, sympathise with the military problems as King ssein sees them," the official said. "We are concerned, as he is,

out the possible threat from Syria... we believe the security

ationship is best served by strengthening our supply role."

U.S. hopes for better ties

The official said the United States hopes that a closer relationship will be restored as a result of His Majesty's conferences with Mr. Reagan, Vice-President George Bush, Secretary of State Alexander Haig, Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger and leaders of the House of Representatives and Senate.

"We hope that King Hussein will feel that the United States is committed not only to a just peace in the Middle East, but to the security of all the friends of the United States, and that we will be able to use this occasion to reestablish the close rapport with Jordan that has symbolised relations between the two countries since the days of the Eisenhower administration," the official said.

That rapport was strained in the creation of the Camp David framework for peace, because Washington fervently hoped that Jordan could be induced to join the negotiations aimed at limited autonomy for residents of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. Jordan chose, however, not to participate, denouncing the Egyptian-Israeli accords.

'Better understanding of each other'

"We are fully aware," another administration official said, "that King Hussein has not accepted the Camp David accords. We do not expect that at the end of this visit we are going to have his name on the line or anything of the kind. But we will have a dialogue about the problems which lie ahead in the peace process. We hope that we can come to a better understanding of each other's positions. Out of that kind of a dialogue, and over time, we

may find a common ground." Pressed on whether Washington wants Jordan in the process. the official said, "We are committed to the Camp David process as the basis for the establishment of peace in the Middle East... we would hope that if we can achieve a concrete outcome on the autonomy negotiations, that this would attract support from other

U.S. looks for support to Camp David

Arabs."

"We would like to see the Camp David negotiations succeed; we would like to see participation under the terms of Camp David. That is different from saying we expect or don't expect anyone to join... we will continue to have a serious dialogue with the Jordanians and other Arabs about the peace process, but I am not going to speak to our expectations of whether someone will or will not join the process... we are looking for as much support for the Camp David process as we can gather.'

In the shorter run, the official added, more realistic goals are for "greater understanding of what we are trying to do in the peace process... and to make sure we maintain a mature dialogue with King Hussein and with other Arab leaders during this period."

'Very important visit'

"This administration considers that this visit by King Hussein is very, very important," a senior State Department official told reporters at the foreign press centre in Washington on Thursday. 'Jordan itself is a very important country in the Middle East, and Jordan's cooperative talks and understanding and acquiescence are indispensable to achievement of the comprehensive peace

that we have been seeking." The State Department official said that the Reagan administration fully understands King Hussein's point of view about the various issues "including the peace process." "However," the official said, "we would discuss with King Hussein our own ideas, including our continuing determination to follow up and exploit

and test to the fullest the Camp David process. This is King Hussein's first visit to the United States since President Reagan took office, and the official stressed the importance of developing "a sense of comradeship and understanding and friendliness."

"We are confident that will occur," he said. The official said King Hussein's visit is the third in what he described as "a series of probably four" visits by Middle East leaders to the United States.

Egypt's late President Sadat and Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin met with the Reagan administration earlier this year, and, the official said, "if things work out and we can come to agreement on programmes and timing" Saudi Arabia's Crown. Prince Fahd will visit the United States later this year.

Discussing the round of talks next week, the State Department official said, "We have to start with a base of knowledge about King Hussein's views toward Camp David. He is sceptical that Camp David will reach the autonomy hoped for, and that has been

the nature of his position."

U.S., Jordan have 'identical views' The official said that in many ways the United States and Jordan have identical views. "We both want to see the comprehensive, lasting and enduring peace that takes care of the Palestinian

"What we want him (King Hussein) to do is develop a sense of confidence that this administration is going to move ahead with determination and dedication, to do everything we can as rapidly as we can to develop an understanding on the autonomy and a governing body for the West Bank and Gaza." Asked by a reporter if the Reagan administration plans to apply

pressure on Jordan to join the peace process, the official

responded, "the word pressure doesn't exist in the lexicon of American-Jordanian relations." "We have a different kind of relationship," he said. "We exercise persuasion; argumentation is, of course, natural to that rela-

The official described relations between the U.S. and Jordan as "unusually candid and very square," noting that correspondence between King Hussein and a series of American presidents has

been distinguished by straightforwardness and candor.

"King Hussein himself is a particularly close friend of the United States," the official said. "He has given us wise council over the years. He is one of the few leaders in that part of the world that has taken a chance, climbed out on a limb from time to time to take major initiatives."

"It is for these reasons and many others." the official said, "that we greatly respect the person of His Majesty King Hussein and the indispensable role that he plays in the Middle East." Island of stability in Mideast

He described Jordan as an island of stability and progress in the Middle East.

The State Department official also stressed the importance of the long-standing arms supply relationship between the United States and Jordan which goes back two decades, and includes credit assistance programmes and substantial training prog-

The official said that the U.S.-Jordan joint military commission has been meeting in Washington this week, and results of the exchange will be made known to King Hussein and U.S. officials in preparation for next week's talks. He would not speculate on what decisions the commission might make, but he expressed the belief that their discussions "have been useful, mutually reward-

ing, to both the American and Jordanian sides." The official said the Reagan administration "is very pleased" with the role the United States is playing in Jordan's military modernisation programme.



Another citizen, Ibrahim Al Hassan, has been sentenced to three months in prison and the payment of JD 10. as well as the confiscation of all sums of money found on him in connection with the case, for offering a bribe to a public official. Also, butcher Tayseer Jibril

Abu Sham'a has been fined JD 40, and his store will be closed for two weeks, for selling imported frozen meat and claiming it was of local origin.

The military governor today endorsed the sentences.

Social Security for 55,000 more

AMMAN, Oct. 31 (J.T.) — The sification system, he said.

About 63.000 employees of next stage of Jordan's Social Security scheme will take effect on Sunday, Social Security Corporation Director General Farhi

Ubeid announced today.
The new phase of the insurance plan will cover 55,000 government employees who are not included in the civil service clas-

private and public establishments are already covered by the threeyear-old scheme. The next phase of the plan, to be implemented by the beginning of next year, will extend coverage to employees of municipalities and of Jordan's two

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

* The British Council presents Painting the Town, a major exhibition of photographs of mural paintings and other decorations on the interiors and exteriors of British buildings, at the council centre in Jabal Amman.

The Alia Art Gallery presents the Contemporary Masters Exhibition.

Films

The French Cultural Centre presents "Melodie en Sous-Sol," a black-and-white film (sub-titled in Arabic), with Jean Gabin and

ACOR lecture

* The American Centre of Oriental Research presents a public lecture by Dr. David W. McCreery on "Plants and Archaeology," tracing the importance of plant remains in understanding ancient agriculture: at 6:30 p.m.

second floor.

Karak region gets a charge out of Hussein power station

KARAK, Oct. 31 (Petra) — The Karak Governorate electric power grid was connected with the national electric network fed by Al Hussein Thermal Power Station today. This is the second stage of the electrification of the governorate's 39 towns and villages.

The network will also power an industrial project currently being built in the governorate. Karak Governorate Electricity Director Hamed Al Nababteh explained that lines which bore power under 11,000 volts will now carry electricity at a boosted tension level of 33,000 volts.

Electrical Substations Section Director Wa'el Sabri said that the Karak substation had been connected to the 132-kilovolt grid, which will also supply power to the Arab Potash Company plant on the Dead Sea, the phosphates mines in Al Hasa and the cement factories in Al Rashidiya, in addition to linking Karak and Ma'an governorates

The cost of the project amounts to JD 15 million, he said.

Medical specialisations council meets today on certificate plans

AMMAN, Oct. 31 (J.T.) - The Arab council for medical specialisations will start its meetings at the Yarmouk University liaison office here on Sunday, the local press reported today.

The council, set up on the recommendation of Arab health ministers, will meet for two days to discuss matters relating to the possibility of awarding specialisation certificates to Arab doctors, and of establishing centres to train these doctors in the Arab World.

Yarmouk U. to set up courses for Wadi Musa

MA'AN, Oct. 31 (J.T.) - Yarmouk University Continuing Education and Community Service Department Chairman Khaled Omari and Wadi Musa Mayor Ali Suheid today discussed vocational education and training programmes the university can offer to the village's citizens, during a visit Dr. Omari paid to Wadi

Musa Municipality.
The Wadi Musa mayor said they had agreed on a training programme for tourist guides, who would receive instruction in the English, French and German languages. It was also agreed to start training courses in carpet weaving, embroidery and tapestry for the citizens of the town, and to open a bazaar to sell the products of families, Mr. Suheid said.

A specialised team comprising Yarmouk University students and government employees will be set up to study the Wadi Musa area in Arab and foreign tourist groups, the mayor added.

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

JD 3.5m for Aqaba marine life reserve

AMMAN, Oct. 31 (J.T.) — The Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment has allocated JD 3.5 million for the establishment of a national park to protect coral and marine life in Agaba. The project aims at protecting the coral and other sea life from pollution, in addition to developing tourist activities in the region, Al Ra'i newspaper reported today.

Badia social project

AMMAN, Oct. 31 (J.T.) - The Ministry of Social Development, in cooperation with the Queen Alia Jordan Welfare Fund, has started to implement a project for social services in the badia (northeastern desert). In the project, which aims at improving the health and social conditions of badia residents, 20 social service centres are preparing meals and sending them in cars to be distributed in the region. The cost of this projects amounts to JD 57,000.

J.V. farmers get 10 West German tractors

SALT, Oct. 31 (J.T.) - The Jordan Valley farmers' federation has received 10 sprinkling tractors as a present donated by the government of West Germany, Al Ra'i newspaper reported today. These tractors will be used to sprinkle member farmers' crops in the Jordan Valley as of next month, a source from the federation said.

ALO board meeting due in Baghdad

AMMAN, Oct. 31 (Petra) — Under-secretary of Labour Tayseer Abdul Jaber left for Baghdad today to represent Jordan at the board meetings of the Arab Labour Organisation (ALO) which will start tomorrow. During its three-day meetings, the board will review the ALO's achievements over the last year and its future plans. It will also prepare for the 10th Arab labour conference, due to open in Baghdad on March 6, 1982.

Gov't purchasing privileges curtailed for rest of year

AMMAN, Oct. 31 (J.T.) - Minister of Finance Salem Masa deh has instructed all government departments not to buy supplies that are unavallable in the local market from outside Jordan due to the approach of the end of the 1981 fiscal

Education delegation leaves for Britain visit

AMMAN, Oct. 31 (Petra) — A delegation representing the Ministry of Education left for London today at the invitation of the British Council During the delegation's two-week visit, its men-bers will tour educational institutions and will hold talks with British officials on means of bot stering educational cooperation between Jordan and Britain.

Meeting on mental health Monday in Marrakesh

AMMAN, Oct. 31 (Petra) — The University of Jordan will take part in a conference on memory health which will open on Monday in Marrakes. During the four-day conference, participants will discuss several psychiatric and mental health issues, nervous breakdown, anxiety and street The university will be represented by Dr. Nizan Abu Hijleh of the psychiatry department. Other Arab universities' representatives will also attend the conference.

Broadcasting team back from Rabat seminar

AMMAN, Oct. 31 (Petra) - Jordan Television's delegation to an administrative seminar of Arab broadcasting stations in Rabat returned home today. The participants in the seminar, organisal by the Arab States Broadcasting Union, discussed topics related to the administrative organisation and modernisation of Arab broadcasting stations Jordan Television's assistant director general and head of the delegation said.

'Irbid area villages get development loans

IRBID, Oct. 31 (Ettra) — The Developmes Bank for Municipalities and Village Councils is granted the Deir Abi Said village council in Ithi Governorate a JD 50,000 loan for the purchased a piece of land and the construction of a comprebensive school. The bank also approved a los for the village of Huwarra in the Irbid region. The loan of JD 30,000 will finance the purchase of a

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION . BBC WORLD SERVICE

CHANNEL 3 ... Koran Cartoon Children's Programme Programme on Algeria News in Arabic Arabic Series Documentary News in Arabic **CHANNEL 6**

6:00 French orogramme

9:10 ... The Flame Trees of Thica

..... News in French

...... News in English

..... The Love Boat

... News in Arabic

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

-
7:00 Sign on
7:01 Morning Show
7:30 News Bulletin
7:40 Morning Show
10:00 News Headlines
10:30 Pop Session
11:90 Sign off
12:00 News Headlines
12:03 Pop Session
13:00 News Summary
13:03 Pop Session
14:00 News Bulletin
14:10 Instrumentak
14:30 Invention and Discoveries
15:90 Concert How
16:00 News Summary
16:03 Instrumentals
16:30 Old Favourites
17:09 Listeners' Choice
18:00 News Summary
18:30 Jazz How
19:00 Newsdesk
19:30 Music
20:00 Evening Show
21:00 News Summary
21:03 Evening Show
22:00 Close down
Spide

639, 720, 1413 KHz

64:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Music for Strings 04:45 Financial Review 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; British Press Review 05:15 Letterbox 95:30 Golden Treasury 05:45 Letter from America 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Jazz for the asking 07:00 World News; News about Britain 07:15 From Our Own Correspondent 07:30 Classical Record Review 07:45 Leave it to Psmith 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 The Pleasure's Yours 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 People and Politics 09:45 Sports Review 10:15 The Waltz 10:30 Religious Service 11:00 World News: News about Britain 11:15 Letter from America 11:30 Play of the Week 12:30 Baker's Half-Dozen 13:00 World News; Commentary 13:15 Good Books 13:30 Classic Short Stories 13:45 The Sandi Jones Request Show 14:30 Frank Muir Goes Into... 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 From the Promenade Concerts 16:90 World News; Commentary 16:15 From our own Correspondent 16:35 Financial Review 16:45 Letter from America 17:00 World News; Meridian 17:49 Reflections 17:45 Sportscall 18:00 World News: News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Time Remembered 19:90 Country Style 19:15 Radio Theatre: Passing Through 20:00 World News; Commentary 20:15 Letterbox 29:30 Sunday Half-Hour 21:00 Six Irish Writers 21:15 The Pleasure's Yours 22:00 World News 22:09

VOICE OF AMERICA

Promenade Concerts

Science in Action 22:40 Reflec-

tions 22:45 Sportscall 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 Letter from America 23:30 From the

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News on the hour and 28 min, after each hour 17:00 News and New Products (USA) 17:15 Critics Choice 17:30 Studio One 18:00 Special English: News/Words and their stories, feature "People in

America" 18:30 Music USA (Standards) 19:00 News and Topical Reports 19:15 News Horizons 19:30 Issues in the News 20:00 Special English: News/Words and their stories 20:15 The Concert Hall 21:00 News and New Products USA 21:15 Critics Choice 21:30

AMMAN AIRPORT FOR SUNDAY

NOTE: The following apport arrivals and departures are provided to the Jordan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Air-port, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight. ARRIVALS:

	Cairo (EA
8:45	Cair
8:55	Aqab
9:30	Jeddai
9:40	Kuwai Dubai, Abu Dhat
9:45	Dubai, Abu Dhat
10:10	Beiru
11:65	Riyadh (SV
11:40	Čairo (EA
14:00	Jeddah (SV
15:35	Kuwait (KAC
16:30	Cair
16:35	Ather
16:45	., Rawalpindi (BA
16-45	Timic Trine
17:15	New York, Vienz
17:30	Par
17:35	Geneva, Brusse
17:40	Copenhagen, Ather
17:50	Madri
17:55	Cair
18:00	Londo
18:36	
	Rôm
	Geneva, Zuric
19-50	Frankfurt (LH
	Frankfur
	Beirut (MEA
	Cairo (EA
	Land (BA)

Cairo (EA)

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.. Cairo Riyadh (SV) 12:05 Cairo (EA) Jeddah (SV) Kuwait (KAC) 17:45 London (BA) Abu Dhabi 19:15 Rivadh Bahrain, Ďoha 19:45 Baghdad Cairo (EA) Dubai, Muscat 21:00 . Baghdad

21:30

Jerusalem

Al Aman

Al Burj

EMERGENCIES
DOCTORS:
Zarqa:
Irbid: 73689
PHARMACIES:
Irbid:57716
Zarga: Al Quds(—)
TAYE.

..... Bangkok Cairo (EA)

CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre	41520
British Council 3	6147-8
French Cultural Centre	37009
Goethe Institute	
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	24049
Turkish Cultural Centre	39777
Haya Arts Centre	65195
Al Hussein Youth City	67181
Y.W.C.A	41793
Y.W.M.A	64251
Amman Municipal Library	36111
University of Jordan L	ibrary
843555/3	843666

SERVICE CLUBS

PRAYER TIMES

	1
Fajr	4:30
Sunrise	4:30
Dhuhr	11:20
'Ast	2.74
Maghreb	4:47
'Isha	6:09

round, Tel. 23316

days and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tues-

Saudi riyal

Lebanese pound ..

Kuwaiti dinar 1193.3/1198.3

Syrian pound

Egyptian pound ...

Iraqi dinar ...

Oatari riyal

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn., 1:30 p.m.

FOR SUNDAY

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old item's such as costumes, wespons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tues-

Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Ai Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fri-

days. Tel. 30128 Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection

of paintings by 19th Century ories talist artists. Muntazah, Jaba Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays Tel.

LOCAL **EXCHANGE** RATES

UAE dirham 91.5/92.30

Omani riyal 971.3/977.6

. 334/336

. 627.9/631.7

Telephone:

Jordan and Middle East trunk calls

Overseas radio and satellite calls ...

U.S. dollar

U.K. sterling

NUM	BERS
Ambulance (government)	Firstaid.
Civil Defence rescue	Fire head
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2	Cablegra
Municipal water service (emergency) 37111-3	
Police neadquarters	Telepho
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken)	. •
24 hours a day for emergency 21111, 37777	Informati
Airport information (ALIA) 92295/92296	Jordan a
Jordan Television	Overseas
Radio Jordan	Telephon

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92.1/93.5

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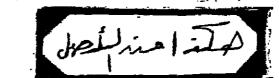
French franc

Dutch guilder

Swedish crown

MARKET PRICES

		_	
Tomatoes	120_	Bananas	260
Eggplant 150	110	Apples (American)	
Potatoes (imported)	100	Apples (Golden)	210
Marrow (small)	120	Apples (Starken)	
Marrow (large) 110	80	Water Melons	
Cucumber (small)	120	Lemons	
Cucumber (large)	70	Oranges	
Okra (Green)	260	Grapes	
Muloukhiyah90	60	Figs Bronzessess prompting	
Hot Green Pepper	80	Canliflowers	
Cabbage 120	90	Taugerine	
Doions (dry)	80	Pears	500
Green onions320	250	Pattorinates	1 160
Garlic	650	Pomegranates Grapefruit	170
Guava	160	Oranges (Shamouti)	130
Beans	250	Bomsh	200
Dates	150	Spinach	- 180
Sweet Pepper 120	80	Carrots	



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Jeil in Ita

Facts open eyes of German MPs

By Samira Kawar Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Oct. 29 – The German-Arab Friendship Society recently organised a visit to Jordan from Oct. 19-27 for 30 parliamentarians from the city of Aachen, with the purpose of giving them first-hand exposure to the Arab cause and point of view, as well as the many touristic attractions in Jordan.

Mr. Harald M. Bock, the secretary-general of the society, who is also paying a visit to Jordan, told the Jordan Times that the parliamentarians, all members of Aachen's town council, were briefed on the Palestine question by Mr. Tuma Hazou on behalf of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, and by Under-Secretary of Information Peter Salah. They



Ďř. Harald M. Bock

ilso visited the Baq'a refugee camp and registered their concern wer the plight the refugees would ace in the eventuality that the J.N. Relief and Works Agency or Palestine Refugees should curall its services due to financial dificulties.

Mr. Bock said that following tese lectures and visits, "the eyes of the parliamentarians were pened", particularly those of the isitors who had been captivated by Zionist propaganda while on a six to Israel several years ago. He ided that all of these paramentarians are now in a good bition to inform their continuencies back in West Germany their findings and impressions.

The German-Arab Friendship sciety was established in 1966 by group of German and Arab indi-

arranged for large amounts of medications to be airfreighted to Jordan, Syria and Egypt. Aid was also given in large quantities to the Palestinian refugees. After the outbreak of the 1973 war, the society and the Arab League had contacted 150 German pharmaceutical firms to donate medical aid to the Arab countries, and two Boeing 707 jets were filled with medications and rushed to

The German-Arab Friendship Society also sponsors artistic and cultural exhibitions featuring one or more Arab countries. One such exhibition was organised at Frankfurt airport and was on display through the months of June and July. All the Arab countries were represented; but Mr. Bock said he regretted the fact that Jordan did not make the effort to fill its stand with cultural, traditional and touristic materials such as the ones on show in the other stands.

on show in the other stands.

One notable feature in the exhibition was the presence of a stand for Palestine, which caused great anger among Zionist circles in Frankfurt. The Zionist lobby unsuccessfully tried to pressure the organisers into removing the Palestinian stand.

Several Israeli television crews filmed the stand — but this only had the unforeseen effect of giving more publicity to the Palestinian stand, Mr. Bock remarked. The inauguration of the exhibition was attended by the mayors of Hamburg and Frankfurt and an estimated 5,000 people.

An Iraqi art exhibition in Aachen opened under the society's sponsorship on Oct. 23, and will run until Nov. 22. The exhibition, which features works by well-known Iraqi painters, was covered by television and no less than 50 newspapers.

Informing the public

The society seeks to inform German public opinion of the Arab point of view by means of its regular publications. A monthly journal in German called Eurabia deals with the Arab-Israeli conflict and political, social and economic affairs in the Arab World, and their effect on Arab-Western relations.



notable feature of an exhibition organised by the German-Arab odship Society at Frankfurt airport was the presence of a stand 'alestine, which caused great anger among Zionist circles in West many

als who realised the necessity suntering the anti-Arab propuda campaign of the Zionist vy in West Germany. It is a aber of Euroabia, the coorting committee of the spean-Arab Federation. The ety's membership numbers, and includes 43 par-

entarians. Many of the memof the society, which is iced by contributions from ibia and the Arab League in tion to membership fees, are nercial firms.

te society is headquartered in 1, and maintains active and ant contacts with Arab diptic missions and the Arab ue office in the city.

.. Bock said that the society's ties are aimed at deepening .. German friendship and using cultural, scientific and mic cooperation. They are geared towards presenting erman people with the Arab of view; which, until

of view, which, until thy, was either almost absent bmerged by strong Zionist garda.

lowing the 1967 and 1973 e East wars, the society

The society also cooperated with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and a West German' publishing house, Fischer, for three-and-a-half years to produce 1,500 copies a month of a small booklet on the Palestine question. It has now been decided to upgrade this booklet and publish 2,000 monthly copies in magazine form, also in cooperation with Fischer.

The society is also publishing a book in German, which will appear next March. Entitled the Middle East Conflict and Human Rights, it presents translated articles and essays by well-known Palestinian, Arab and Western writers (such as Michael Adams)

on the question of Palestine.

Mr. Bock also publishes newspaper articles in the German press on the Middle East situation, he said, whenever he feels "the necessity to do so, sometimes as often as twice or three times a month." He wrote one such article following the Israeli attack on Iraq's nuclear reactor this summer, in which he put forth the opinion that Israel does not really want peace in the Middle East, and uses the

treatment of the Jews in Nazi Germany as an alibi to cover up for its actions whenever it violates human rights. The article was published in an Aachen newspaper with a daily distribution of 1.0 000

with a daily distribution of 10,000.

Mr. Bock feels that German public opinion is less susceptible to Zionist propaganda than it used to be, and that the media's presentation of the Arab point of view has drawn closer to objectivity — mainly due to a sense of revulsion and outrage at the excesses committed by Israeli Premier Menachem Begin's government.

"Menachem Begin's extremism is our best helper in informing the German public of the Arab vie-

wpoint," Mr. Bock asserted.

Although Mr. Bock feels that the society must tread carefully in presenting Israel in its true colours, because the Zionists are quick to accuse Arab sympathisers of anti-Semitism and "Nazism", he said that in his opinion it is becoming increasingly difficult, if not impossible, for Israel to "blackmail" West German leaders by raking up the past.

Tourism promotion

Among the future projects that the society will sponsor is an international tourist fair in Berlin next year. Mr. Bock, who visited Jordan with the purpose of persuading the Jordanian government to participate more actively in the society's activities, said that he had talked with Director General of Tourism Michael Hamarneh, and had secured his agreement in principle that Jordan should participate in the fair.

The society is interested in informing the German public of the touristic possibilities of Jordan, with the purpose of increasing the flow of West German tourists to this country, Mr. Bock said.

Mr. Roland Heise, a member of the German-Arab Friendship Society, told the Jordan Times that the society cooperates with the private Jordanian tourism sector in organising group trips to Jordan for West Germans. He said that such trips provide "a good combination of natural, objective first-hand political information, as well as an opportunity to enjoy Arab culture and the touristic attractions of Jordan."

Mr. Heise added that the society also cooperates with Jordan's Ministry of Information to help provide the tourists with the necessary political information. He said that during the talks between Mr. Hamarneh and the visiting members of the society, Mr. Hamarneh had told them that Jordan is more interested in quality than in quantity regarding the promotion of tourism in Jordan; and that the Ministry is keen to avoid the "mechanisation" of tourist facilities in Jordan.

Mr. Heise and Mr. Bock feel, however, that several aspects of Jordan's tourism services could do with improvement. They both feel that the abundance of first-class luxury hotels is too much of a financial burden for their country's tourists, who often cannot afford the rates. Theyfeel there is a need for more moderately priced, four-star hotels.

They would also like to see more government regulation and price control of tourist-related services such as the meterless airport taxis, which they think are overcharging their passengers.

Tourists also complain of rough handling, and even abuse, of their luggage by customs officials at Amman Airport, and wouldlike to see customs procedures that are less irritating and time-wasting, and more in line with customs practices at other international airports.

Mr. Bock feels that Alia flights are too often delayed for several hours, presenting tourists with a real inconvenience and hindrance. However, both he and Mr. Heise admire the hospitality accorded to tourists in Jordan, and feel that Jordan has a very good "touristic

infrastructure."

The society, in cooperation with Karnak Travel and Tourism, has sponsored the visits of four West German tourist groups this year. The German-Arab Friendship Society is organising a trip in mid-November for five West German journalists, who will stop over in Jordan for two days on

their way back to Germany.

Other future activities include an Arab cultural exhibition in the city of Bremen, an Arab cultural week in Stuttgart in 1982, an Arab week at the University of Bochum and a seminar on Palestine in May

Music world tour in Amman

By a Jordan Times staff reporter

More than 300 children from over 30 countries and their parents took a musical tour around the world last Tuesday afternoon at the annual international day festival of the International Community School of Amman. The children were dressed in colourful, authentic costumes representing people from all their native countries. Classroom displays covered 16 countries, and special projects done by the children included the history, geography, culture, tradtions, costumes, music and even copular food dishes of countries that ranged from Japan and Australia in the east to the westernmost limits of the Americas in

The highlight of the day's festivities were was a series of dances performed by the costumed, excited children before a cameraclicking crowd of proud parents that included Their Royal Highnesses Crown Prince Hassan and Princess Sarvath. Folk dances performed included an aborigine dance, a Cumberland Reel, a modern dance, and dances of Japan, Jordan, Scotland, Italy, Korea, Germany and the West Indies. The climax of the afternoon was the international dance in which parents joined their children on the school's open courtyard. (Jordan Timesphotos by George-Photo Crystal)







Advertise by mail

in the Jordan Times

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that are sent in by mail and accompanied by full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently

1. Full payment in cash or check accompanies the adver-

 The minimum charge for a single advertisement is 1D 6
 Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typset by

the Jordan Times.

4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only be assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at least two days before the required day of publication.

bring their advertisements to the Jordan Times office or to an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads by mail on the following conditions:

- 5. For the minimum price of JD 6, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The JD 6 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 12, three insertions cost JD 18, etc.
- 6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 8 for 40 words and JD 10
- You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing the from below and mailing it with full payment in cash or check to:

Advertising Department The Jordan Times, P.O.Box 6710, Amman, Jordan,

(write one word only per box - please print)

				
				
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Please publish the above advertisement in the Jordan Times on ———day (s). Enclosed in

News:

, APARTMENT FOR RENT

Fully furnished one-bedroom apartment with living room, dining room, central heating, telephone, T.V.

Location: lower Jabal Amman.
Call Tel. 30000 for more information

BRITISH LADIES OF AMMAN

The next meeting will be held at the SHERATON HOTEL on Wednesday, Nov. 5 at 10 a.m. Guest speaker will be JILL GODDARD, giving a talk on Enjoying Horses in Jordan.

Please bring any items for Xmus bazaar. Creche available. Commonwealth citizens welcome to membership.

DELUXE FURNISHED FLAT FOR RENT

Consisting of three modern bedrooms, salon, dining room, kitchen, with central heating, garage, garden, deluxe furniture.

Cali tel. 67027, Amman



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Strange

PLO CHAIRMAN Yasser Arafat has spoken with kind, if soft, words about some aspects of the Mideast peace proposals of Saudi Arabia's Crown Prince Fahd.

Where, we ask, are the supreme crazies of the United States Senate today? We hear so many American officials (there tends to be a disproportionate number of people in the U.S. Senate who go to sleep at night and wake up in the morning thinking about nothing else but how to bring peace to the Holy Land) who are otherwise so quick to raise their voice about how they view the PLO and Mr. Arafat as a gang of killers blah blah blah blah, but we rarely hear from these same people when Mr. Arafat and his colleagues speak about peaceful coexistence with Israel, with the Jews in Palestine, with the forces of reason and moderation in the Middle East. Why is it, we wonder, the likes of Henry Jackson and Stephen Solarz and the political ghost of (remember him?) Frank Church have little automatic ear plugs that self-activate themselves when Palestinian and other Arab leaders talk of peaceful coexistence with Israel? Where are the true peace-makers? Where are the large men and women of the West? Where is the compassion and the egalitarianism of the liberal, democratic revolutions of the 18th and 19th centuries?

Mr. Arafat, Prince Fahd and many, many others in the Arab World are still speaking of peace and coexistence with Israel, with the Jews, on equal terms based on reciprocal national rights of selfdetermination and statehood. But we hear no similarly humane reply from Israel, or from the West, or from the professional crazies of the United States Senate. We find this very strange indeed.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Practices count. Words don't

AL RA'l: It is an encouraging sign to see Arab endeavours to amend the Arab League charter in order to enable the league to keep up with modern developments. But one has to bear in mind that the future of the Arab Nation does not depend upon amending this charter more than on the process of building the Arab intrinsic strength and rising with the Arab status to face escalating and continued developments.

The building of the Arab intrinsic power remains indispensable for the establishment of a strong Arab status capable of instituting international respect, of fending off ambitions threatening the Arab Nation and of contributing to the building of human civil-

The Arab League can change to become to springboard for building the Arab intrinsic power only if Arab practices rise above peripheral issues and become directed, along with Arab potentials, towards constructiveness. Arab differences have depleted the Arab League efforts, but this situation can no longer continue. The Arab League shoulders massive responsibilities which per-

tain to Arab integration, unity of the Arab will and the technological advancement of the Arab Nation. These issues depend on practical efforts and not on mere talk and statements. It is because of this that the Arab League is a soul and not a written charter. The Arabs should understand that this soul should inspire them to shoulder their responsibilities toward pan-Arabism and Arab dignity. The problem does not lie in a missing or a vague article in the charter, but rather in the Arab practices which have not yet given the Arab League the chance to fully assume its real stature and implement its duties. We are not against amending, developing and modernising the

charter of the Arab League. We are just drawing everybody's attention to the fact that it is the actual practices and not the words

Israel prepares for war

AL DUSTOUR: It was expected the cease-fire reached between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel in Lebanon in July would be violated when the chance arose for either

It seems that the party that will undermine the cease-fire agreement will surely be Israel despite the many talks about the desire for peace. Past experiences have proved that whenever Israel talks about peace it will usually be trying to cover up its preparations for war. Israel, it seems, is about to launch a new aggression.

This was referred to by Israeli Defence Minister Sharon when he said Wednesday that Israel will go to war if the Syrian forces entered South Lebanon, or if Iraqi forces entered either Jordan or Syria. These statements stress the fact that Israel is preparing to launch a war, and that Sharon is just looking for an excuse.

At a time when Israel is going ahead with implementing the "autonomy" conspiracy it is massing troops along the Lebanese border in preparation for large-scale military operation.

It is clear that Israel wants to get through the Lebanese window in order to achieve its ambition of expansion and to deal a blow to the Palestinian resistance. Israel is also trying to undermine the situation in the region in order to prevent the emergence of new developments which might rob it from keeping the initiative in its hands, limit its ability to withstand international pressure and consequently force it to succumb to the demands of establishing peace and to stop its expansionist policies in the region.

These grave indicators should drive the Arabs to be alert and prepared. Arab preparedness to establish peace in the region must be coupled with strength, and this is the sole responsibility of the Arab summit in Morocco next month.

Short, sweet meeting

By Dr. Majdi Sabri

AFTER more than 2 years of wrangling, the 13 members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) have agreed to unify their prices on a \$34 a barrel base, and to freeze the base price until the end of 1982.

The agreement was reached fairly quickly, thanks to the efforts of Kuwait Oil Minister Sheikh Ali Khalifa Al Sabah and OPEC president, Dr. Subroto of Indonesia. The latter expressed optimism earlier this week and hoped the meeting would be "short and sweet".

The agreement, which was concluded after two abortive meetings earlier this year, is viewed as a victory to Saudi Arabia. The Saudis, who engineered the oil glut to force prices down, were worried to

see OPEC members defying the previous unified pricing structure, by raising their rates as high as the market could bear in the wake of the Iraq-Iran war.

The oil glut, which was primarily caused by the huge increase in Saudi output, resulted in a buyer's revolt. Some countries, who charged more than the Saudi rate, failed to make Western and Japanese oil companies pay premiums on top of contract prices. Some buyers even asked for dis-

As the pressure for price cuts grew, each oil-producer was waiting for the other to take a lead in trimming oil prices. Everybody else was wondering who will bell the cat.

It was not long before

Nigeria, hit hardest by the oil glut, offered a discount of \$4 a barrel on its \$40 rate. The Nigerian move was soon followed by other oil-producers who unilaterally trimmed their prices in order to boost their

Even the two "price hawks", Libya and Algeria, who also charged \$40 for a barrel, were reported to have offered to barter goods for their oil, which in turn offers scope for hidden discounts.

It is evident that the present market conditions had helped OPEC members reach an agreement. The agreement, this time was not only to increase the Sandi crude price by \$2 a barrel, but also, and for the first time, to cut the prices of most other producers.

The Saudis announced on Friday that they have imposed a new ceiling on production of 8.5 million barrels a day starting November -- a reduction of about one million barrels a day. This would enable other oil producers to step up production especially that their prices have now become more attractive.

As for us in Jordan, OPEC's accord is likely to increase petrol prices since we import our oil exclusively from Saudi Arabia. If the government decides that consumers should bear the two-dollar-a-barrel price increase, it will not be long before the price of petrol goes up by 10 fils, or a bit more, on every litre.



America's long dormant Left may be preparing for a violent offensive.

Who knows which way the wind blows?

By Arthur Spiegelman

NEW YORK - Two are women in their 30's with babies, another is a clergyman's daughter.

One of the men was among his college's brightest students. another was wanted for a spectacular plot to blow up the Statue of Liberty and a third was sumply a common criminal".

All are linked, most as direct participants, in last week's ambush of an armoured van carrying \$1.5 million.

The ambush backfired, and in its aftermath the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) raided a dozen houses believed to have been used by several extreme left wing groups and is trying to piece together the meaning of the most serious act of terrorist violence in the United States since the Vie-

The FBI says it believes various factions in America's long dormant, violent radical left have joined forces, perhaps for an

Reports about that "hit lists" of prominent American businessmen and police officers were discovered in the raids.

The FBI confirms it found diagrams of criminal court buildings, district attorney offices and New York City police stations -- apparent targets for future planned bombines.

The investigation has also found ties to last mouth's violent protests that greeted South Africa's touring Springbok rugby team.

A woman arrested for hurling acid at a policeman during an

anti-apartheid protest and blind-ing him turned out to be the owner of one of three getaway cars used in the abortive attack on the armoured van north of New York.

The FBI is investigating whether the "terrorist infrastructure" it claims to have uncovered had ties to foreign guerrilla groups and whether it was responsible for a series of unsolved armed robberies.

Four of the bandits were captured. Among those arrested was long-time fugitive Katherine Boudin, a member of the Weather underground group, and a heroine CUCAL HERT OF THE 1900'S

Miss Boudin, born to a life of privilege as the daughter of a prominent civil rights lawyer, had been wanted by police since she fled naked from an explosion that wrecked a Weather underground bomb factory in New York's Greenwich village in 1970. That explosion claimed three lives.

Also arrested were two other Weather underground figures -Judith Clark and David Gilbert and a man named Samuel Brown, 41. who has been described by police as "a common criminal" with a long record of car thefts and

Miss Clark, like Miss Boudin in her 30's and the mother of a small

Gilbert, 37, is a former Columbia University student, where he was considered "one of the brightest guys on campus." he had been sought by police since 1972 in connection with a series of

Tracing vehicles captured at the scene of last week's armoured van ambush police and FBI agents launched a series of raids on various apartments in New York and New Jersey and discovered an apparent link between the Weather underground and a violent black group calling itself the

Black Liberation Army (BLA).

They found 9 mm guns - the type used by the BLA in a series of killings of policemen and in the van robbery.

They also found bloodied clothing they believe belonged to a woman named Marilyn Buck, 33, described as the only white member of the BLA. She escaped from jail where she was serving a

term for gun-running." Police believe Miss Buck was involved in last week's armoured van attack and had rented, under various names, at least two of the flats they raided.

Also being hunted is Joanne Chesimard, an escaped police killer who has been called the heart and soul" of the BLA.

Pictures and posters of Miss Chesimard were found in several of the raided apartments. Miss Boudin named her son, Chesie, after her, and Miss Clark and Miss Buck are both believed by police to be associates of Miss Chesimard.

Last Friday, police killed one man and captured another in a gun battle in the New York borough of Queens, that has been linked to the van robbery.

Samuel Smith, whom police believe was a participant in the armoured van attack, was killed and Nathaniel Burns, a former member of the radical Black Panther group, was arrested.

Burns has been wanted by police since 1969 when he was charged with conspiring to blow up the Statue of Liberty and several New York City police stations and department stores.

But while police attempt to build up links between the BLA, the Weather underground and a group called the "May 19 Movement", which takes its name from the birthdates of assassinated black nationalist leader Malcolm X and Ho Chi Minh, they have so far failed to find a reason for the building of a network.

Each group was born out of the political idealism and frustration of the 1960's. But each seemed to have moved further and further left, rejecting peaceful means to American society.

The Weather underground took its name from a line in a 1965 Bob Dylan song: "You don't need a weatherman to know which way the wind blows."

An early manifesto declared: "We are against everything that's good and decent in honky America. We will loot, burn and destroy. We are the incubation of your mother's nightmares."

The Weather underground was responsible for several violent protests in the 1960's and for the bombing of about 25 government

Its last known bombing took place in 1977, and in 1979 the U.S. government stopped looking actively for the handful of Weathermen still at large.

Most of its leaders had surrendered peacefully to police, but Miss Boudin remained hidden even though charges against her were dropped in 1979.

Living under an assumed name, Miss Boudin drew welfare payments but little else is known ofher activities until she was arrested last week.

Jesuits-firebrands of Catholicism

By Michael Sheridan

Reuter

ROME — Pope John Paul has fired the opening shots in a discreet battle that will determine the future of Catholicism's most powerful order, the Jesuits. •

Although bound to the pontiff by a vow of obedience dating back to 1540, the Jesuits have irked the traditionalist pope from Poland since the early days of his papacy.

In 1979, he lamented 'deplorable deficiencies in the order, reminding the Jesuits of that personal loyalty, which has in the past propelled them into the most demanding missionary work and the highest Vatican posts.

Last week he named an 80year-old Italian, Father Paolo Dezza, a moderate conservative according to Vatican sources, to govern the order in place of Father Аптире.

Father Dezza will serve as the Pope's representative until a new superior can be found.

Father Arrupe suffered a of Catholicism.

debilitating stroke at Rome airport on Aug. 7. Now, two months ater, the Pope has paved the way for the election of a leader more to the Pontiff's theological tastes. Father Dezza is not superior

general - he is "a delegate who will represent me more closely in the running of the society," according to Pope John Paul's letter to the order.

The stricken Father Arrupe remains superior general in name and authority until a general congregation of the order, as yet uncalled, elects a successor.

Under the leadership of Father Arrupe, the Jesuit order transformed itself to perhaps the most pioneering in Catholicism. With their legendary intel-

lectual rigour and teaching, Jesuits have been in the forefront of radical Third World movements and advocates of a left-wing brand of Christianity.

The Pope does not look sympathetically on these views, valuing discipline, obedience and a comparatively conservative form

Father Arrupe's reign is a hard one to follow. He ruled the order order's 'deplorable deficiencies,' in a style that evoked devotion from some but roused others to anger. Last year he told the pope he wanted to retire. The pope, unable to find a successor, told him to stay on.

In the United States, the activities of the Berrigan Brothers, Jesuit priests who opposed American involvement in Vietnam, brought political notoriety to the order.

Another American Jesuit. Father Robert Drinan, was the democratic party congressman for Massachusetts' third district, enjoying a seven per cent approval rating from the liberal 'Americans for democratic action' group.

In Holland, young Jesuits married but insisted on staying in their priesthood. In the Philippines, a Jesuit social worker was jailed for his efforts on behalf of peasant farmers and in Rome a Jesuit philosopher published a candid book about priests' sexual frustrations. He was suspended by the

Father Arrupe told the Jesuits to examine themselves thoroughly.

This was not the first papal stricture on the order in modern times. In 1964, Pope Paul VI voiced his concern about 'strange and smister reports' that the Jesuits were deviating from the original rules of the order and Father Arrupe admitted dangers and decadence within the ranks.

The Jesuits face threats ranging from Guatemalan death squads, who said last year they would kill every Jesuit in the country, to guerrilla tensions nearer home that in 1978 prompted the Italian secret service to mount a bodyguard on Father Arrupe.

Many Jesuits, a source said, are not worried by any pressure the pope may face through his choice of Father Arrupe's successor. They recall the judgment of Cardinal Carlo Ralotti.

"The society of Jesus is like the church of God, its sun will never set, it will never meet death."

Reagan to Baker: AWACS sale will enhance U.S. vital interests

How the Senate was won

Following is the text of the letter President Reagan sent Wednesday, Oct. 28, to Senator Howard Baker, the Senate Republican leader, to help build last-minute support for the sale of Airborne Warning and Control System planes (AWACS) and other equipment to Saudi Arabia.

To Senator Baker:

On October 1, 1981, I formally notified the Congress of our intention to sell AWACS aircraft and F-15 enhancement items to Saudi Arabia. This sale will enhance our vital national security interests by contributing directly to the stability and security of the critical area from the Gulf through the Middle East to North Africa. It will improve significantly the capability of Saudi Arabia and the United States to defend the oilfields and facilities on which the security of the free world depends, and it will pose no realistic threat to Israel.

When this proposed sale was first announced last spring, the Congress expressed concerns about certain aspects of the sale. After analysing these concerns in detail, we entered into a series of discussions with the government of Saudi Arabia over the

The government of Saudi Arabia has agreed, and I am convinced welcomes the fact, that the United States will have an important, long-term role and will maintain direct involvement in the development of the Saudi air defence system, including the AWACS. We also have reached agreement with the Saudi government on a number of specific arrangements that go well beyond their firm agreement to abide fully by all the standard terms of the normal letter of offer and acceptance as required by the Arms

Transfer of the AWACS will take place only on terms and conditions consistent with the act and only after the Congress has received in writing a presidential certification, containing agreements with Saudi Arabia, that the following conditions have been

 Security of technology
 A. That a detailed plan for the security of equipment, technology, information, and supporting documentation has been agreed to by the United States and Saudi Arabia and is in place:

B. The security provisions are no less stringent than measures employed by the U.S. for protection and control of its equipment

of like kind outside the continental U.S.; and C. The U.S. has the right of continual on-site inspection and surveillance by U.S. personnel of security arrangements for all operations during the useful life of the AWACS. It is further provided that security arrangements will be supplemented by additional U.S. personnel if it is deemed necessary by the two

D. Saudi Arabia will not permit citizens of third nations either to perform maintenance on the AWACS or to modify any such equipment without prior, explicit mutual consent of the two

E. Computer software, as designated by the U.S. government, will remain the property of the U.S. government.

2. Access to information That Saudi Arabia has agreed to share with the United States continuously and completely the information that it acquires from use of the AWACS.

3. Control over third-country participation A. That Saudi Arabia has agreed not to share access to AWACS equipment, technology, documentation, or any information developed from such equipment or technology with any nation other than the U.S. without the prior, explicit mutual

consent of both governments; and B. Threre are in place adequate and effective procedures requiring the screening and security clearance of citizens of Saudi Arabia and that only cleared Saudi citizens and cleared U.S. nationals will have access to AWACS equipment, technology, or documentation, or information derived therefore, without the

prior, explicit mutual consent of the two governments. 4. AWACS flight operations That the Saudi AWACS will be operated solely within the boundaries of Saudi Arabia, except with the prior, explicit mutual consent of the two governments, and solely for defensive purposes

regional stability. 5. Command structure That agreements as they concern organisational command

and control structure for the operation of AWACS are of such a

nature of guarantee that the commitments above will be hon-6. Regional peace and security

That the sale contributes directly to the stability and security of the area, enhance the atmosphere and prospects for progress toward peace, and that initiatives toward the peaceful resolution of disputes in the region have either been successfully completed or that significant progress toward that goal has been accomplished with the substantial assistance of Saudi Arabia.

I believe it is important to look beyond these agreements to their practical consequences, and to the implications of U.S. security essistance and training requested by Saudi Arabia. For example, the agreement we have reached with the Saudi government to protect the security of equipment also affects the nature, extent, and duration of the U.S. role in the AWACS programme. Since skilled Saudi personnel available for this programme will remain in short supply, the U.S./Saudi agreement that third-country nationals will not be permitted to operate or maintain the Saudi AWACS will, in practice, extend U.S. involvement in Saudi AWACS operations and activities well into the 1990's. U.S. military and contractor personnel will be required to provide extensive operational training for Saudi AWACS aircrews; it will be 1990 at the earliest before the eight Saudi crews needed to operate all five AWACS aircraft will be trained, and replacement and refresher training of individual Saudi crew members will require USAF technical assistance field teams during the 1990's. Critical AWACS maintenance, logistics, and support functions, particularly radar and computer software support, will, of necessity, be performed by U.S. personnel in Saudi Arabia and in the United States, for the life of the AWACS.

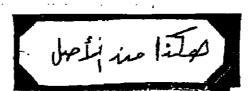
Concerning the agreement to operate AWACS only inside the kingdom, it should also be noted that the Saudi air force will be trained to operate the AWACS in accordance with standard USAF AWACS doctrine and procedures, which call for AWACS to remain at all times a "safe distance" behind sensitive political borders - normally 100 to 150 nautical miles -- to ensure AWACS security and survivability. Given the physical location of the oilfields AWACS is to defend, the vulnerability of AWACS should it operate near sensitive borders, and the history of Saudi observance of U.S. air force tactical doctrine, we are confident

that the Saudis will adopt these practices. In a broader sense, by enhancing the perception of the United States as a reliable security partner, we improve the prospects for closer cooperation between ourselves and the Saudi government in working toward our common goal of a just and lasting peace in the region. Since assuming the responsibilities of the presidency, I have been impressed by the increasingly constructive policy of Saudi Arabia in advancing the prospects for peace and stability in the Middle East. The Saudi government's critical contribution to securing a ceasefire in Lebanon is a striking example. I am persuaded that this growing Saudi influence is vital to the eventual settlement of the differences that continue to

divide Israel and most of the Arab World. I am confident that the Saudi AWACS will pose no realistic threat to Israel. I remain fully committed to protecting Israel's security and to preserving Israel's ability to defend against any combination of potentially hostile forces in the region. We will continue to make available to Israel the military equipment it requires to defend its land and people, with due consideration to the presence of AWACS in Saudi Arabia. We have also embarked on a programme of closer security cooperation with Israel.

I look forward to continuing to work with you toward these

Ronald Reagan



ECONOMY

'Super giant' oil fields wait to be tapped

VIENNA, Oct. 31 (R) – Seven "super giant" oil fields, each holding five billion barrels, remain to be tapped around the world, according to a study released today by the OPEC news agency OPECNA.

When developed, these fields would add a total of around 450 billion barrels of oil to the world's current proven reserves of about 650 billion barrels, the agency said, quoting a study by the Italian oil company Agip.

Better recovery methods and other new technology could add a further 567 billion barrels to total world reserves by the year 2000, adding up to a total of 1,669 billion barrels, Agip Vice-Chairman Marcello Colitti was quoted as saying.

OPECNA said the study, the full text of which will appear soon in the quarterly OPEC review, estimated that seven "super giant" fields remained to be tapped -- three in the Middle East and one each in North America, Latin America, Africa and Westem Europe. It did not specify whereto

Mr. Colitti said over 30 per cent, or 139 billion barrels, of the undiscovered oil was in the Middle East. Several huge fields have been discovered but not tapped in

The Soviet Union, the

undiscovered reserves of over 200 billion barrels, he added, "Much more explorations and development remain to be done in Saudi Arabia, Iran and Iraq where prospects are very interesting", the agency quoted him as saying. Prospects are not so promising in Syria and Oman."

"In Iraq it is likely that new giant fields will be found and it is presumed that the value of the reserves will rise markedly as a result of development of the deeper parts of known productive

deposits.
"The offshore area of the Ara-

Americas and Oceania could have bian Peninsula on the Indian Ocean side appears to be of great interest, although as yet it has barely been exploited."

The study said some 55 billion barrels of oil remained to be discovered in Africa. This and an estimated 42 billion barrels to be extracted through enhanced recovery techniques should boost the continent's total reserves to 180 billion barrels in the year

Although many of the huge but hardly explored sedimentary oil basins in Africa are not very promising, some -- such as in Chad -look quite favourable, he added.

Mobil makes \$3.4b takeover bid

NEW YORK, Oct. 31 (R) — Mobil, the oil giant thwarted earlier this year in a bid for Conoco, yesterday made a \$3.4 billion offer for a majority stake in Marathon Oil.

Mobil Corporation is the second largest company in the United States in terms of sales. Marathon, an explorer for oil in the United States, the British North Sea and oco in a deal worth \$7.6 billion the Gulf of Mexico, was the 39th largest at the end of 1980.

Marathon, of Findlay, Ohio, had been regarded in the stock market as a takeover possibility since the bidding war for Conoco began in June. The Du Pont company fought off Mobil and Seag-

ram of Canada to purchase Con-

Mobil today offered to pay and a share for up to 40 million shares or about 67 per cent, of Marathon The offer was well above the condollars at which Marathon shares were trading before the New York stock exchange halted activity of them yesterday morning.

Italian banks boxed in by the past

By James Buxton

ROME: The Italian banking system is under siege. It is being attacked by borrowers for its very high lending rates (prime rate is 22.5 per cent), by savers for its idiosyncratic and often stingy deposit rate policy and by the Government for its reluctance to finance the near bankrupt parts of state industry. The supply of its basic raw material, deposits, is drying up and the Ministry of Finance has told bankers to curb lending.

"We are facing the moment of truth and we must change," says Dr. Nerio Nesi, president of Banca Nazionale del Lavoro,

italy's biggest bank. Where should change begin? The average bank customer would like nothing more than an immediate end to the tyranny of an exasperating system where even the simplest transaction can come up against insuperable bureaucratic hurdles, where cheques drawn on other banks take

weeks to clear and where few bank officials, including branch managers, are prepared to take responsibility.

But change in Italy comes slowly, if at all, and in certain ways the banking system reflects and even suits the Italian way of life. It is the fruit of the conservatism of Italian bankers, of the draconian legislation that followed the crash of 1931 and the strong regionalism of most Italians.

Italian banking is extremely

banks, savings banks, rural banks and other institutions. They range from the Bança Nazionale del Lavoro, with deposits at the end of last year of L39,000 billion (\$34 billion) to the Casa Rurale Santa

Maria Croce with only L14 billion. Though there are four or five big leading banks, no single bank has as many as 500 of the country's 12,000 branches.

Expansion and competition by banks is tightly controlled by the Bank of Italy. It decides where a bank may operate and the kind of are not allowed to venture beyond banking operations, leasing, factoring and a few related operations. The lives of bank officials are made a nightmare by the need or published system of deposit to comply with myriad reg- rates. ulations. Banks must, for exam-

ple, keep all cheques for 10 years. From this, and from the difficulties in operating in an elongated country with a bad postal service, arise many of the faults that are so obvious to the bank customer. Bankers are not proud ernment is trying to reduce by a

For the moment they are more are inevitable. But most of the

preoccupied by the fact that deposits are not keeping up with inflation, and may have declined in nominal terms in the second quarter of 1981. This is partly because depositors are now investing directly in Treasury bills, which carry attractive interest rates and partly because of the bank deposit interest rate system.

Officially the rate paid on deposits is 11.5 per cent — about 11 points less than base lending rates. In practice important bank customers negotiate with their bankers for deposit rates - interbusinesses it may handle. Banks est is paid on current account balances -- and shift their money from one bank to the next. What Dr. Nesi and other bankers think is badly needed is a "transparent"

> That is a change that could, even in the slow moving world ofthe Italian banks, come into operation. But it would only partially relieve the problems the banks face over lending. With a high inflation rate which the Govcredit squeeze, high interest rates

inflation is generated by the Government's own excessive borrowing requirement, which the

banks are obliged to help fund. With compulsory deposits and other factors the proportion of the banks' funds which they cannot directly control is more than 50 per cent, leaving little for the pri-vate sector: hence the banks' resentment at being asked in addition to fund the wage bill of the state steel group, Finsider, whose problems are mainly the result of Government dithering and par-

liamentary obstruction. Marketing initiatives to date have not been conspicuously successful: there are still only about 650,000 cheque cards in Italy, even though they were introduced as long ago as 1968.

Italians do not appear to want such innovations: shopkeepers accept Eurocheque transactions by foreigners with more enthusiasm than those of their fellow-countrymen, and there is a national fear of having transactions recorded on paper. In this sense Italians may be getting the banking service they deserve.

-Financial Times news feature



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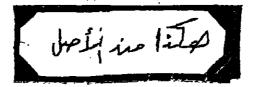


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Friday.

The new schedule reads

Amman

Damascus

Frankfurt

LONDON, Oct. 31 (R) - Manchester United stayed top of the English soccer league today, thanks to face-saving goals by Garry Birtles and Remi Moses. Visitors Notts County had threatened a shock win when lan

Man United stay top of Division One

McCulloch put them ahead in the first half but United recovered and sealed a 2-1 victory to remain one goal ahead of rivals Ipswich on

added a new day

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to the week.

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via this great international airport. Welcome aboard!

Ipswich kept in close touch with their northern rivals by recording a useful 1-0 away win over champ-

Saturday

06.15

08.10

11.55

Fnday

06 15

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fthansa

Russell Osman cracked his first goal of the season in the ninth minute which proved enough for his side's third successive League triumph over Villa, who remained

floundering in mid-table. A 90th minute goal by Pat Corinto third place at the expense of Swansea, who were held to a goalless draw by Wolverhampton.

Nine minutes after Osman put Ipswich ahead from Arnold Muhren's corner, Alan Brazil had a goal disallowed for a foul on bett gave Tottenham a 2-1 victory Allan Evans. Villa's best chance beaten.

clash lived up to expectations. Gr.,ham Roberts fired Tottenham ahead in the 24th minute but Southampton were level less than a minute later through Steve

Southampton captain Kevin Keegan then had his 85th minute penalty saved by England team mate Ray Clemence and Tottenham cashed in on the let-off when Corbett scored with virtually the last kick of the game.

European champions Liverpool, like Villa struggling for consistency, visited bottom club Sunderland and won 2-0 through second half goals by Graeme Souness and Terry McDermott.

Midland rivals Birmingham and Worthington forced a draw.

Ham kept in touch with the leaders with home wins.

arrived late in the first half but Gary Shaw fired over the bar with goalkeeper Paul Cooper well

The Southampton-Tottenham

West Bromwich shared six goals in a gripping battle. Archie Gemill gave bosts Birmingham a 32nd minute lead, but West Bromwich striker Cyrille Regis hit three goals in reply before Tony Evans and a late penalty by Frank

Nottingham Forest and West

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN **⊴1981 by Chicago Tribune**

Q.1—Both vuinerable, as South you hold: **♦K943** ♥**KQJ53** ♦52 **♦106** The bidding has proceeded: West North East South 2 4* 3 4 Pass ? *Weak two bid.

What action do you take?

Q.2-As South, vulnerable, you hold: **♦Q10874** ♥53 ♦ J982 **♦**AK The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass 1 4 1 ♥ Pass 1 + Pass 2 + Pass

What do you bid now?

Q.3-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦K72** ♥ AQ10 ♦ AK6 **♣KJ72** The bidding has proceeded: South West North East Pass Pass 2 +

What action do you take?

Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you hold: **◆AQ8** ♥6 ♦AQ52 **◆**KQ34 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West Pass Pass 1 4 Pass 1 + Pass ? What do you bid now?

Q.5—As South, vulnerable Aon pold: +A2 ♥9652 ♦QJ1032 +R The bidding has proceeded North East South West 1 ♣ Pass 1 ◇ 1 ♠ 3 ♦ Pass ? What do you bid now? Q.6-Both vulnerable, South you hold: +J54 ◇J10982 +AK9 The bidding has proceeded South West North East

What do you bid now?

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SINGER

Amman, Oct. 31, 1981

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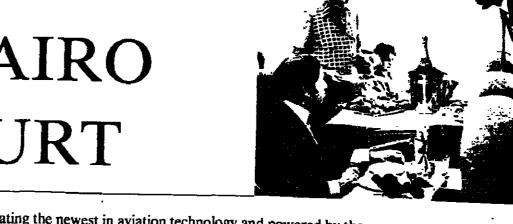
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